

SAFETY DATA SHEET

(REACH regulation (EC) n° 1907/2006 - n° 2015/830)



SECTION 1 : IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product name : P4 E.Z. LUBE 12X0.400L
Product code : 102991

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Multi-purpose lubricant

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name : MOTUL
Address : 119, Boulevard Felix Faure. 93300 AUBERVILLIERS CEDEX FRANCE
Telephone : 33.1.48.11.70.00. Fax: 33.1.48.33.28.79.
Email : motul_hse@motul.fr

Registered company name (importer): High Performance Lubricants Ltd
21 O'Rorke Road, Penrose, Auckland 1061
PO Box 12 826 Penrose, Auckland, New Zealand
09 571 1366

1.4 24 HOUR EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER: 09 929 1483/0800 446 881 (toll free)

1.5 NATIONAL POISON LINE 0800 764 766

SECTION 2 : HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Aerosol, Category 1 (Aerosol 1, H222 - H229).

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking (EUH066).

May produce an allergic reaction (EUH208).

This mixture does not present an environmental hazard. No known or foreseeable environmental damage under standard conditions of use.

Considered a Hazardous Substance according to the criteria of the New Zealand Hazardous Substances New Organisms legislation

2.1.2A
6.3B
9.1D

2.2. Label elements

Mixture for aerosol application.

In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Hazard pictograms :



GHS02

Signal Word :

DANGER

Additional labeling :

EUH208

Contains SULFONIC ACIDS, PETROLEUM, CALCIUM SALTS, OVERBASED. May produce an allergic reaction.

Hazard statements :

H222

Extremely flammable aerosol.

H229

Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

EUH066

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Precautionary statements - General :

P101

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102

Keep out of reach of children.

Precautionary statements - Prevention :

P210

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P211

Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251

Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P261 Avoid breathing vapours.

Precautionary statements - Storage :

P410 + P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122°F.

Precautionary statements - Disposal :

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

2.3. Other hazards

The mixture does not contain substances classified as 'Substances of Very High Concern' (SVHC) \geq 0.1% published by the European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) under article 57 of REACH: <http://echa.europa.eu/fr/candidate-list-table>
The mixture satisfies neither the PBT nor the vPvB criteria for mixtures in accordance with annexe XIII of the REACH regulations EC 1907/2006.
Container under pressure

SECTION 3 : COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**3.2. Mixtures****Composition :**

Identification	(EC) 1272/2008	Note	%
EC: 918-481-9 REACH: 01-2119457273-39 HYDROCARBONS, C10-C13, N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, < 2% AROMATICS	GHS08 Dgr Asp. Tox. 1, H304 EUH:066		25 \leq x % < 50
CAS: 106-97-8 EC: 203-448-7 REACH: 01-2119474691-32 BUTANE	GHS02 Dgr Flam. Gas 1, H220 Press. Gas, H280	[1] [7]	25 \leq x % < 50
CAS: 110-25-8 EC: 203-749-3 REACH: 01-2119488991-20 (Z)-N-METHYL-N-(1-OXO-9-OCTADEC ENYL)GLYCINE	GHS07, GHS05, GHS09 Dgr Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 M Acute = 1		0 \leq x % < 1
CAS: 68783-96-0 EC: 272-213-9 SULFONIC ACIDS, PETROLEUM, CALCIUM SALTS, OVERBASED	GHS07 Wng Skin Sens. 1B, H317		0 \leq x % < 1
CAS: 3010-23-9 EC: 221-133-2 4,5-DIHYDRO-2-HEPTADECYL-1H-IMI DAZOLE-1-ETHYLAMINE	GHS05, GHS09 Dgr Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 M Acute = 1 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 M Chronic = 1		0 \leq x % < 1

Information on ingredients :

[7] Propellant gas

[1] Substance for which maximum workplace exposure limits are available.

SECTION 4 : FIRST AID MEASURES

As a general rule, in case of doubt or if symptoms persist, always call a doctor.
NEVER induce swallowing by an unconscious person.

4.1. Description of first aid measures**In the event of exposure by inhalation :**

In the event of an allergic reaction, seek medical attention.

In the event of splashes or contact with eyes :

Wash thoroughly with fresh, clean water for 15 minutes holding the eyelids open.

In the event of splashes or contact with skin :

Remove contaminated clothing and wash the skin thoroughly with soap and water or a recognised cleaner.

Watch out for any remaining product between skin and clothing, watches, shoes, etc.

In the event of an allergic reaction, seek medical attention.

If the contaminated area is widespread and/or there is damage to the skin, a doctor must be consulted or the patient transferred to hospital.

In the event of swallowing :

In the event of swallowing, if the quantity is small (no more than one mouthful), rinse the mouth with water and consult a doctor.
Keep the person exposed at rest. Do not force vomiting.
Seek medical attention, showing the label.
If swallowed accidentally, call a doctor to ascertain whether observation and hospital care will be necessary. Show the label.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No data available.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available.

SECTION 5 : FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Flammable.

Chemical powders, carbon dioxide and other extinguishing gas are suitable for small fires.

5.1. Extinguishing media

Keep packages near the fire cool, to prevent pressurised containers from bursting.

Suitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, use :

- sprayed water or water mist
- water with AFFF (Aqueous Film Forming Foam) additive
- halon
- foam
- multipurpose ABC powder
- BC powder
- carbon dioxide (CO₂)

Prevent the effluent of fire-fighting measures from entering drains or waterways.

Unsuitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, do not use :

- water jet

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

A fire will often produce a thick black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may be hazardous to health.

Do not breathe in smoke.

In the event of a fire, the following may be formed :

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO₂)

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Fire-fighting personnel are to be equipped with autonomous insulating breathing apparatus.

SECTION 6 : ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Consult the safety measures listed under headings 7 and 8.

Spilled product may make surfaces slippery.

For non first aid worker

Because of the organic solvents contained in the mixture, eliminate sources of ignition and ventilate the area.

Avoid any contact with the skin and eyes.

For first aid worker

First aid workers will be equipped with suitable personal protective equipment (See section 8).

6.2. Environmental precautions

Contain and control the leaks or spills with non-combustible absorbent materials such as sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth in drums for waste disposal.

Prevent any material from entering drains or waterways.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Clean preferably with a detergent, do not use solvents.

sand or other inert absorbing material

6.4. Reference to other sections

No data available.

SECTION 7 : HANDLING AND STORAGE

Requirements relating to storage premises apply to all facilities where the mixture is handled.

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Always wash hands after handling.
Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using.
Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.
Avoid contact with eyes.
Shake before use
Spray in short bursts, without prolonged spraying.
Keep away from sources of ignition
No smoking.
Use only in well-ventilated areas.
Follow standard health and safety rules on account of flammability.
Do not breathe vapours

Fire prevention :

Handle in well-ventilated areas.
Vapours are heavier than air. They can spread along the ground and form mixtures that are explosive with air.
Prevent the formation of flammable or explosive concentrations in air and avoid vapor concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits.
Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material.
Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
Use the mixture in premises free of naked flames or other sources of ignition and ensure that electrical equipment is suitably protected.
Keep packages tightly closed and away from sources of heat, sparks and naked flames.
Do not use tools which may produce sparks. Do not smoke.
Prevent access by unauthorised personnel.

Recommended equipment and procedures :

For personal protection, see section 8.
Observe precautions stated on label and also industrial safety regulations.
Do not breathe in aerosols.
Packages which have been opened must be reclosed carefully and stored in an upright position.
Keep in original container. Do not pierce or burn, even after usage.
Storage and handling instructions applicable to pressurised gases.

Prohibited equipment and procedures :

No smoking, eating or drinking in areas where the mixture is used.
Avoid high temperatures

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

No data available.

Storage

Keep out of reach of children.
Keep the container tightly closed in a dry, well-ventilated place.
Keep away from all sources of ignition - do not smoke.
Keep well away from all sources of ignition, heat and direct sunlight.
The floor must be impermeable and form a collecting basin so that, in the event of an accidental spillage, the liquid cannot spread beyond this area.
Pressurised container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C.

Packaging

Always keep in packaging made of an identical material to the original.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No data available.

SECTION 8 : EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits :

- ACGIH TLV (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, Threshold Limit Values, 2010) :

CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :
106-97-8	1000 ppm	-	-	-	-

- Germany - AGW (BAuA - TRGS 900, 21/06/2010) :

CAS	VME :	VME :	Excess	Notes
106-97-8	1000 ml/m3	2400 mg/m3	4(II)	DFG

- Belgium (Order of 19/05/2009, 2010) :

CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :
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106-97-8	800 ppm	-	-	-	-	-
- Denmark (2007) :						
CAS	TWA :	TWA :	Anm :			
106-97-8	500 ppm	1200 mg/m3	-			
- France (INRS - ED984 :2012) :						
CAS	VME-ppm :	VME-mg/m3 :	VLE-ppm :	VLE-mg/m3 :	Notes :	TMP No :
106-97-8	800	1900	-	-	-	-
- Finland (HTP-värden 2009) :						
CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :	
106-97-8	800 ppm	1000 ppm	-	-	-	
- Spain (Instituto Nacional de Seguridad e Higiene en el Trabajo (INSHT), Mayo 2010) :						
CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :	
106-97-8	1000 ppm	-	-	-	-	
- Ireland (Code of practice for the safety, Health and Welfare at Work, 2010) :						
CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :	
106-97-8	600 ppm	750 ppm	-	-	-	
- Norway (Veiledning om administrative normer for forurensning i arbeidsatmosfære, May 2007) :						
CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :	
106-97-8	250 ppm	-	-	-	-	
- Netherlands / MAC-waarde (SER, 4 May 2010) :						
CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :	
106-97-8	600 ppm	-	-	-	-	
- Poland (2009) :						
CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :	
106-97-8	1900 mg/m3	3000 mg/m3	-	-	-	
- Switzerland (SUVA 2009) :						
CAS	VME-mg/m3 :	VME-ppm :	VLE-mg/m3 :	VLE-ppm :	Temps :	RSB :
106-97-8	1900	800	-	-	-	-
- UK / WEL (Workplace exposure limits, EH40/2005, 2007) :						
CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :	
106-97-8	600 ppm	750 ppm	-	-	-	

8.2. Exposure controls

Suitable technical inspections

Ensure adequate ventilation, if possible with extractor fans at work posts and appropriate general extraction.
Personnel shall wear regularly laundered overalls.

Personal protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Pictogram(s) indicating the obligation of wearing personal protective equipment (PPE) :



Use personal protective equipment that is clean and has been properly maintained.

Store personal protective equipment in a clean place, away from the work area.

Never eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using. Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

- Eye / face protection

Avoid contact with eyes.

Use eye protectors designed to protect against liquid splashes

Before handling, wear safety goggles in accordance with standard EN166.

- Hand protection

Use suitable protective gloves that are resistant to chemical agents in accordance with standard EN374.

Gloves must be selected according to the application and duration of use at the workstation.

Protective gloves need to be selected according to their suitability for the workstation in question : other chemical products that may be handled, necessary physical protections (cutting, pricking, heat protection), level of dexterity required.

Type of gloves recommended :

- Nitrile rubber (butadiene-acrylonitrile copolymer rubber (NBR))

- PVA (Polyvinyl alcohol)

Recommended properties :

- Impervious gloves in accordance with standard EN374

- Body protection

Avoid skin contact.

Wear suitable protective clothing.

Suitable type of protective clothing :

In the event of substantial spatter, wear liquid-tight protective clothing against chemical risks (type 3) in accordance with EN14605 to prevent skin contact.

In the event of a risk of splashing, wear protective clothing against chemical risks (type 6) in accordance with EN13034 to prevent skin contact.

In the event of spraying, wear protective clothing against chemical risks and against sprayed liquid (type 4) in accordance with EN14605 to prevent skin contact.

Work clothing worn by personnel shall be laundered regularly.

After contact with the product, all parts of the body that have been soiled must be washed.

- Respiratory protection

Breathing apparatus only when aerosol or spray are formed.

SECTION 9 : PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

General information :

Physical state :	Fluid liquid.
	Spray.

Important health, safety and environmental information

pH :	Not relevant.
Boiling point/boiling range :	160 °C.
Vapour pressure (50°C) :	Not relevant.
Density :	< 1
Water solubility :	Insoluble.
Self-ignition temperature :	201 °C.
Decomposition point/decomposition range :	Not specified.
Chemical combustion heat :	>= 30 kJ/g.

9.2. Other information

No data available.

SECTION 10 : STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

No data available.

10.2. Chemical stability

This mixture is stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions in section 7.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

When exposed to high temperatures, the mixture can release hazardous decomposition products, such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, fumes and nitrogen oxide.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Any apparatus likely to produce a flame or to have a metallic surface at high temperature (burners, electric arcs, furnaces etc.) must not be allowed on the premises.

Avoid :

- heating
- heat
- accumulation of electrostatic charges.
- flames and hot surfaces
- humidity

10.5. Incompatible materials

Keep away from :

- strong oxidising agents
- water
- strong acids

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

The thermal decomposition may release/form :

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO₂)

SECTION 11 : TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Exposure to vapours from solvents in the mixture in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on kidney, liver and central nervous system.

Symptoms produced will include headaches, numbness, dizziness, fatigue, muscular asthenia and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural oil from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

Splashes in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage

11.1.1. Substances

Acute toxicity :

(Z)-N-METHYL-N-(1-OXO-9-OCTADECENYL)GLYCINE (CAS: 110-25-8)

Oral route : 2000 < LD50 <= 5000 mg/kg

Species : Rat

OCDE Ligne directrice 401 (Toxicité aiguë par voie orale)

Inhalation route (Dusts/mist) : LC50 = 1.37 mg/l

Species : Rat

11.1.2. Mixture

Respiratory or skin sensitisation :

Contains at least one sensitising substance. May cause an allergic reaction.

SECTION 12 : ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

12.1.1. Substances

(Z)-N-METHYL-N-(1-OXO-9-OCTADECENYL)GLYCINE (CAS: 110-25-8)

Crustacean toxicity : EC50 = 0.68 mg/l

Factor M = 1

Species : Daphnia magna

Duration of exposure : 48 h

4,5-DIHYDRO-2-HEPTADECYL-1H-IMIDAZOLE-1-ETHYLAMINE (CAS: 3010-23-9)

Fish toxicity : LC50 = 0.35 mg/l

Species : Others

Duration of exposure : 96 h

Crustacean toxicity : EC50 = 0.29 mg/l

Species : Daphnia magna

Duration of exposure : 48 h

12.1.2. Mixtures

No aquatic toxicity data available for the mixture.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

12.2.1. Substances

4,5-DIHYDRO-2-HEPTADECYL-1H-IMIDAZOLE-1-ETHYLAMINE (CAS: 3010-23-9)

Biodegradability : no degradability data is available, the substance is considered as not degrading quickly.

(Z)-N-METHYL-N-(1-OXO-9-OCTADECENYL)GLYCINE (CAS: 110-25-8)

Biodegradability : Rapidly degradable.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No data available.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Not very mobile in soil.

The product is insoluble in water and will spread on the surface

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Do not dispose of the product in the natural environment, effluents or surface waters.

German regulations concerning the classification of hazards for water (WGK) :

WGK 1 (VwVwS vom 27/07/2005, KBws) : Slightly hazardous for water.

SECTION 13 : DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Proper waste management of the mixture and/or its container must be determined in accordance with Directive 2008/98/EC.

Do not pierce or burn, even after usage.

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Do not pour into drains or waterways.

Waste :

Waste management is carried out without endangering human health, without harming the environment and, in particular without risk to water, air, soil, plants or animals.

Recycle or dispose of waste in compliance with current legislation, preferably via a certified collector or company.

Do not contaminate the ground or water with waste, do not dispose of waste into the environment.

Soiled packaging :

Empty container completely. Keep label(s) on container.

Give to a certified disposal contractor.

Codes of wastes (Decision 2001/573/EC, Directive 2006/12/EEC, Directive 94/31/EEC on hazardous waste) :

14 06 03 * other solvents and solvent mixtures

SECTION 14 : TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transport product in compliance with provisions of the ADR for road, RID for rail, IMDG for sea and ICAO/IATA for air transport (ADR 2015 - IMDG 2014 - ICAO/IATA 2016).

14.1. UN number

1950

14.2. UN proper shipping name

UN1950=AEROSOLS, flammable

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

- Classification :



2.1

14.4. Packing group

-

14.5. Environmental hazards

-

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR/RID	Class	Code	Pack gr.	Label	Ident.	LQ	Provis.	EQ	Cat.	Tunnel
	2	5F	-	2.1	-	1 L	190 327 344 625	E0	2	D
IMDG	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	LQ	EMS	Provis.	EQ			
	2.1	See SP63	-	SP277	F-D,S-U	63 190 277 327 344 959	E0			
IATA	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	Passager	Passager	Cargo	Cargo	note	EQ	
	2.1	-	-	203	75 kg	203	150 kg	A145 A167 A802	E0	
	2.1	-	-	Y203	30 kg G	-	-	A145 A167 A802	E0	

For limited quantities, see part 2.7 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.4 of the ADR and IMDG.

For excepted quantities, see part 2.6 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.5 of the ADR and IMDG.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

No data available.

SECTION 15 : REGULATORY INFORMATION**15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

- Classification and labelling information included in section 2:

The following regulations have been used:

- Directive 75/734/CEE modified by directive 2013/10/UE
- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 487/2013.
- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 758/2013.
- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 944/2013.
- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 605/2014.
- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 1297/2014.

- Container information:

No data available.

- Particular provisions :

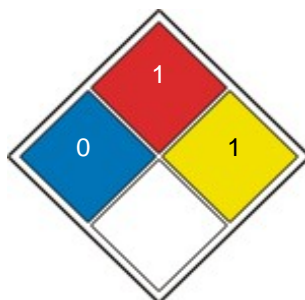
No data available.

- German regulations concerning the classification of hazards for water (WGK) :

WGK 1 (VwVwS vom 27/07/2005, KBws) : Slightly hazardous for water.

- Standardised American system for the identification of hazards presented by the product in view of emergency procedures (NFPA 704) :

NFPA 704, Labelling: Health=0 Inflammability=1 Instability/Reactivity=1 Specific Risk=none

**15.2. Chemical safety assessment**

No data available.

15.3 This substance is to be managed using the conditions specified in an applicable Group Standard

HSR002515

SECTION 16 : OTHER INFORMATION

Since the user's working conditions are not known by us, the information supplied on this safety data sheet is based on our current level of knowledge and on national and community regulations.

The mixture must not be used for other uses than those specified in section 1 without having first obtained written handling instructions.

It is at all times the responsibility of the user to take all necessary measures to comply with legal requirements and local regulations.

The information in this safety data sheet must be regarded as a description of the safety requirements relating to the mixture and not as a guarantee of the properties thereof.

Wording of the phrases mentioned in section 3 :

H220	Extremely flammable gas.
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Abbreviations :

ADR : European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by Road.

IMDG : International Maritime Dangerous Goods.

IATA : International Air Transport Association.

ICAO : International Civil Aviation Organisation

RID : Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by rail.

WGK : Wassergefährdungsklasse (Water Hazard Class).

GHS02 : Flame

PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulable and toxic.

vPvB : Very persistent, very bioaccumulable.

SVHC : Substances of very high concern.